

③ 0-7 2.7/26

$$f = x^2 + bxy + y^2$$

$$\nabla f = (2x + by, bx + 2y)$$

$$\text{So } \nabla f(0,0) = 0$$

$$H_f = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & b \\ b & 2 \end{bmatrix} \left( = \begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} \\ f_{yx} & f_{yy} \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$\det H_f(0,0) = 4 - b^2$$

$$\text{Local max/min if } |H_f| > 0: \begin{array}{l} 4 - b^2 > 0 \\ 4 > b^2 \\ 2 > |b| \end{array}$$

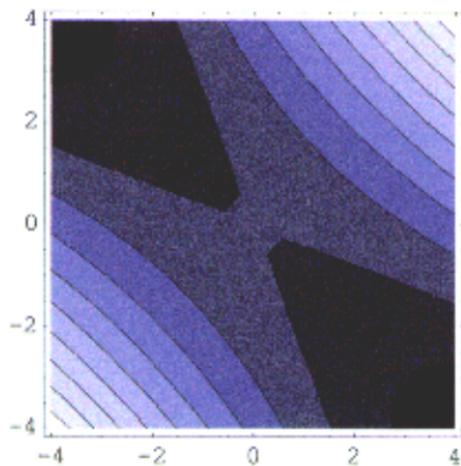
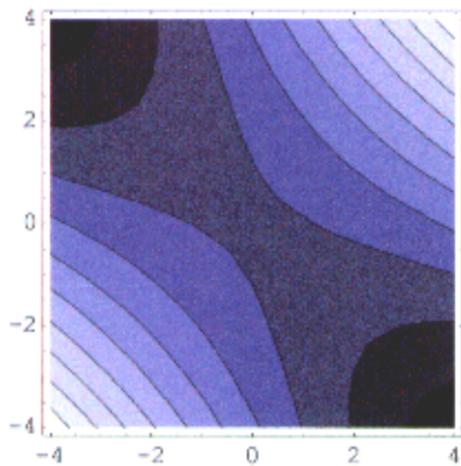
If  $|b| < 2$ , note that  $\det H_f > 0$  and  $f_{xx} > 0$ .

So Local min if  $|b| < 2$   
(No local max at  $(0,0)$ )

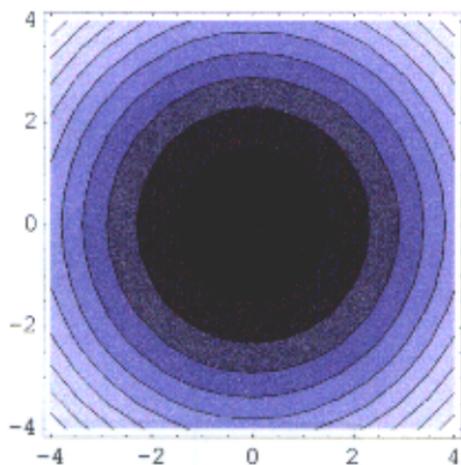
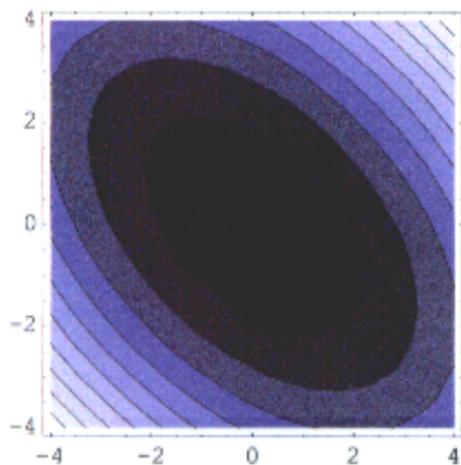
Saddle point if  $|H_f| < 0: \begin{array}{l} 4 - b^2 < 0 \\ 2 < |b| \end{array}$

So Saddle point if  $|b| > 2$

```
Show[GraphicsArray[{{ContourPlot[x^2 + y^2 + 4xy, {x, -4, 4}, {y, -4, 4}],  
ContourPlot[x^2 + y^2 + 3xy, {x, -4, 4}, {y, -4, 4}],  
ContourPlot[x^2 + y^2 + 1xy, {x, -4, 4}, {y, -4, 4}],  
ContourPlot[x^2 + y^2 + 0xy, {x, -4, 4}, {y, -4, 4}]}]]];
```



$|b| > 2$



$|b| < 2$

0-z 2.7/26  
 ③c)  $\det H_f(0,0) = 0$  if  $4-b^2=0 \rightarrow b=\pm 2$

If  $b=2$ :  $f = x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = (x+y)^2$

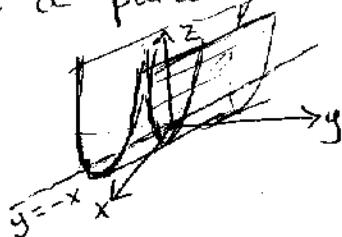
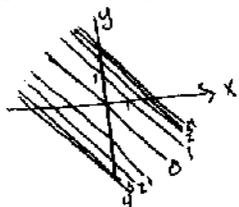
The level curves are  $(x+y)^2 = c$  (note  $c > 0$ )

$$x+y = \pm\sqrt{c}$$

$$y = -x \pm \sqrt{c}$$

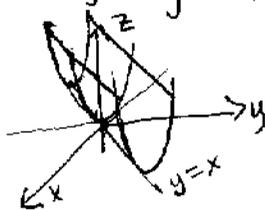
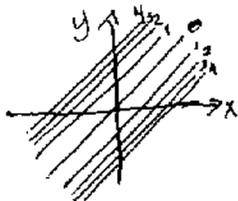
So the level curves are parallel lines to  $y = -x$

The surface would be a parabolic cylinder, with axis  $y = -x$ :



If  $b = -2$ ,  $f = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = (x-y)^2$

Level curves would be  $y = x \pm \sqrt{c}$ ; again, a parabolic cylinder (with axis  $y = x$ ):



```
Show[GraphicsArray[{{ContourPlot[x^2+y^2+2xy, {x, -4, 4}, {y, -4, 4}],
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{ContourPlot[x^2+y^2-2xy, {x, -4, 4}, {y, -4, 4}],
Plot3D[x^2+y^2-2xy, {x, -4, 4}, {y, -4, 4}]}}];
```

