



ICE - Reversing the Chain Rule

- Find an equation for each of the antiderivatives (or indefinite integrals) given in the table below. In each case, identify the “inside function” and then reverse the Chain Rule.

Antiderivative (Indefinite integral)	“Inside Function”	Equation for Anti-Derivative
$\int 3 \cdot [x^7 + \ln(x)]^2 \cdot (7x^6 + \frac{1}{x}) \cdot dx$		
$\int 7 \cdot [2x + e^x]^6 \cdot (2 + e^x) \cdot dx$		
$\int \frac{8 \cdot (0.993)^{[x^5 + \ln(x)]}}{\ln(0.993)} \cdot (5x^4 + \frac{1}{x}) \cdot dx$		
$\int e^{[x^2 + x^3]} \cdot (2x + 3x^2) \cdot dx$		
$\int \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^4 + e^x + 1}} \cdot (4x^3 + e^x) dx$		
$\int \frac{1}{\ln(x)} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \cdot dx$		

Answers: (a) $[x^7 + \ln(x)]^3 + C$. (b) $[2x + e^x]^7 + C$. (c) $8 \cdot (0.993)^{[x^6 + \ln(x)]} + C$.
 (d) $e^{[x^2 + x^3]} + C$. (e) $(x^4 + e^x + 1)^{1/2} + C$. (f) $\ln(\ln(x)) + C$.