

LECTURE 33

SUBSTITUTION

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PLAN

1. Poll

2. The chain rule

3. Examples

4. Lesson problem review

5. Jam: Pick 2

6. Jam: Project Work



POLL

$$\int \frac{1}{x \log(x)} dx =$$

A $\log^2(x)/2 + C$

B $\frac{1}{\log(x)x} + C$

C $\log(\log(x)) + C$

D $\log(x) + C$

CHAIN RULE

$$\frac{d}{dx}F(u(x)) = f(u(x))u'(x)$$

$$\int f(u(x))u'(x) dx = F(u(x)) + C$$

BEGINNING



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BASIC EXAMPLES

$$\int e^{(x+1)} dx$$

$$\int \cos(x^2) 2x dx$$

$$\int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$$

PRACTICE



Queen's Gambit 2020

PRACTICE

$$\int \sqrt{x+2} \, dx$$

$$\int \sin(x^5)x^4 \, dx$$

$$\int \sin(\sin(x))\cos(x) \, dx$$

HARDER



Queen's Gambit 2020

HARDER

$$\int \frac{1+x}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$\int e^{-4x^2} x dx$$

$$\int \frac{1+x}{1-x^2} dx$$

did you know?

3 out of 2 people have
trouble with fractions.

WHAT NOW?



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*LESSON
PROBLEMS*

$$(a) \int_1^4 \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{u} \, du$$

$$(b) \int \cos(3x) \, dx$$

$$(c) \int \frac{\sin(\ln x)}{5x} \, dx$$

$$(d) \int e^{-2x} \cos(e^{-2x}) \, dx$$

$$(e) \int_1^4 x^2 \sqrt{1+x^3} \, dx$$

$$(f) \int \sin x \cos^5 x \, dx$$

$$(g) \int_{1/e}^{e^3} \frac{4 \ln x}{x} \, dx$$

$$(h) \int \frac{e^x}{2e^x + 5} \, dx$$

$$(i) \int_0^1 \sqrt{5x+4} \, dx$$

LET'S PLAY (SYGRAJEM)



Queen's Gambit 2020

1 \$10,000 CASH IMMEDIATELY	2 BRAND NEW HOME BUT YOU CAN NEVER SELL IT OR MOVE	3 UNLIMITED FREE MEDICAL CARE FOR LIFE
4 FREE RENT/ MORTGAGE FOR 6 MONTHS	PICK TWO	5 BRAND NEW LUXURY CAR. YOU CAN NEVER SELL OR OWN ANOTHER CAR
6 PERFECT CREDIT SCORE	7 UNLIMITED AIRLINE TICKETS FOR LIFE	8 FREE GROCERIES FOR FIVE YEARS

if finished, which 2 of the above 2 options for you?

JAM Pick two
you can do!

$$\int e^{-x^2} dx$$

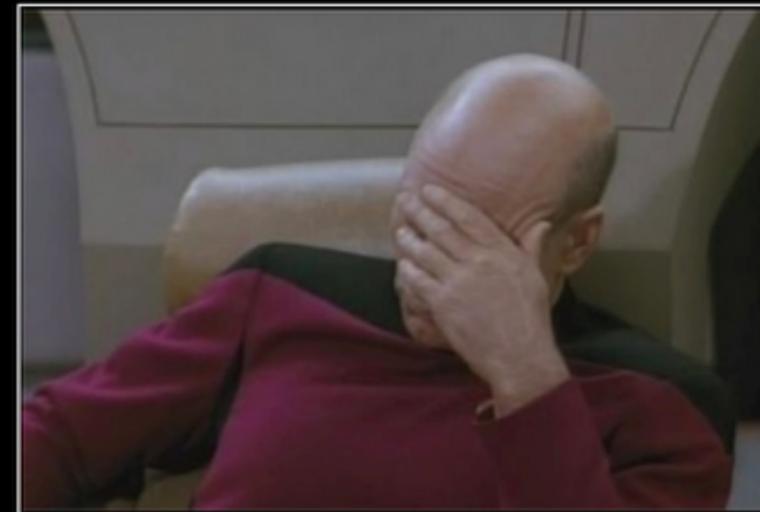
$$\int x^2 e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\int x e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\int \log(x)/x dx$$

Deep question: what is the difference between figure 5 and figure 8?

CA WORK



FACEPALM

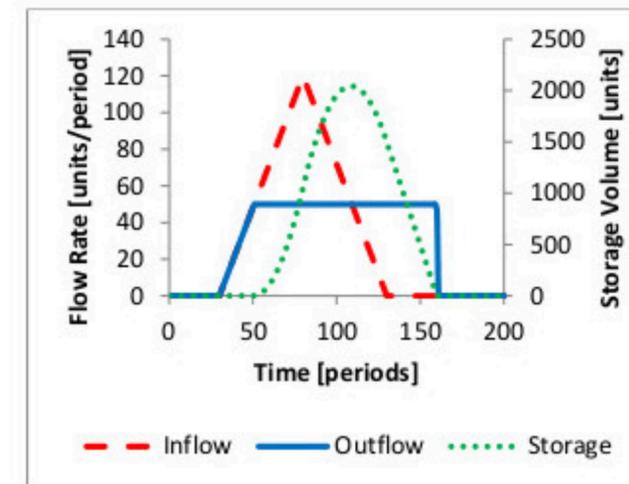
Because expressing how dumb that was in words just doesn't work.



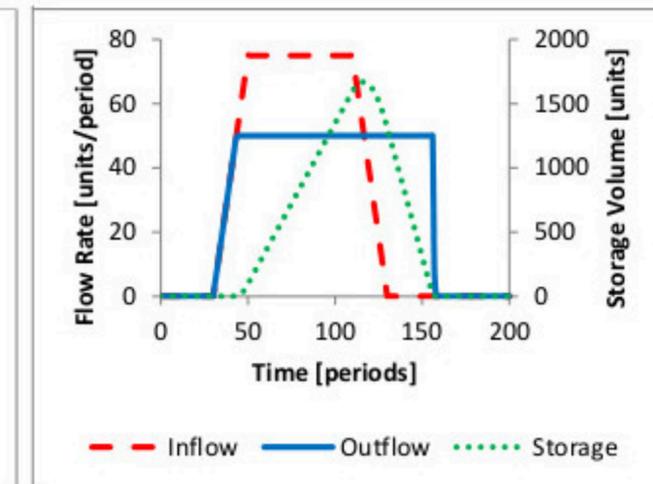
DOUBLE FACEPALM

FOR WHEN ONE FACEPALM DOESN'T CUT IT

Figure 5. Minimize flood frequency (flooding prevented) for (a) Triangular hydrograph and (b) Broad peak hydrograph.

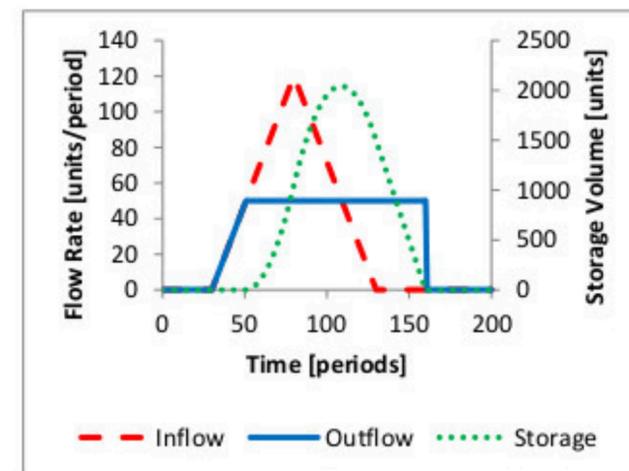


(a)

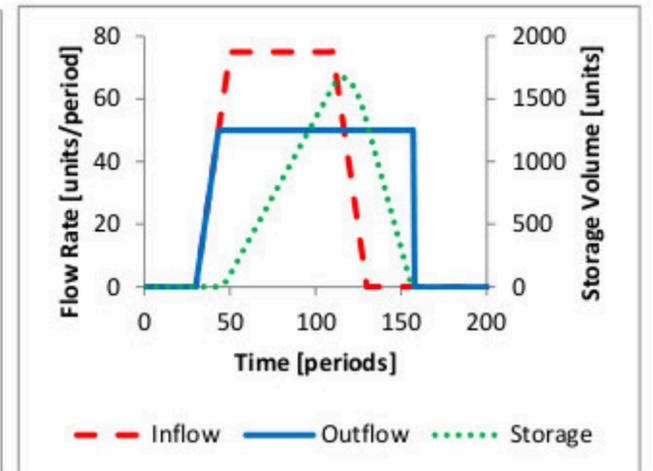


(b)

Figure 8. Short forecast peak minimization operation rule (with flooding prevented) for (a) Triangular hydrograph and (b) Broad peak hydrograph.



(a)



(b)

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Article

Comparing Simple Flood Reservoir Operation Rules

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Abstract: The effectiveness of three simple flood operating rules in reducing the peak flow is compared for four simplified hydrograph shapes. The Minimize Flood Peak rule uses available flood storage capacity to store peak flows from an accurate hydrograph forecast. The less demanding Minimize Flooding Frequency operating rule releases water at or below channel capacity until the flood storage pool is filled and outflows are forced to exceed the channel capacity. The Short Forecast Peak Minimization rule minimizes flood peak over a short foreseeable future with existing flood storage capacity. Four simplified hydrograph shapes (triangular, abrupt wave, flood pulse and broad peak) were used. The Minimize Flood Peak rule reduces peak flows better than alternatives, but is often impractical. The Short Forecast Peak Minimization rule reduces peak flows for a wide range of conditions. The Minimize Flood Frequency rule may be more relevant where damages occur abruptly, as in many leveed systems. All rules reduce peak outflow more efficiently for more steeply rising hydrographs. The approach suggests some general insights for flood operations of reservoirs.

Keywords: reservoir operation; hydrographs; peak flow reduction; flood forecasting

THE END