

$$\begin{aligned}
 (uv)' &= vu' + uv' \\
 uv &= \int v du + \int u dv \\
 \int u dv &= uv - \int v du
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int u(x) v'(x) dx = u(x)v(x) - \int u'(x)v(x) dx$$

* PROBLEM 1

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int x^3 \log(x) dx && u = \log(x) \\
 & && dv = x^3 \\
 &= \log(x) \cdot \frac{x^4}{4} - \int \frac{x^4}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx && du = \frac{1}{x} \quad v = \frac{x^4}{4} \\
 &= \frac{\log(x)x^4}{4} - \int \frac{x^4}{4x} dx \\
 &= \frac{\log(x)x^4}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \int x^3 dx \\
 &= \frac{\log(x)x^4}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{x^4}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\log(x)x^4}{4} - \frac{x^4}{16} + C$$

$$= \frac{x^4(4 \log(x) - 1)}{16} + C$$

* PROBLEM 2

$$\int \underset{\downarrow}{x^5} \underset{\uparrow}{\sin(x)} dx$$

$$-x^5 \cdot \cos(x) - \int -5x^4 \cos(x) dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5 \int \underset{\downarrow}{x^4} \underset{\uparrow}{\cos(x)} dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5 \left(x^4 \sin(x) - \int 4x^3 \sin(x) dx \right)$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) - 20 \int \underset{\downarrow}{x^3} \underset{\uparrow}{\sin(x)} dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) - 20 \left(-x^3 \cos(x) - \int -3x^2 \cos(x) dx \right)$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) + 20 \int -3x^2 \cos(x) dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60 \int \underset{\downarrow}{x^2} \underset{\uparrow}{\cos(x)} dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60 \left(x^2 \sin(x) - \int 2x \sin(x) dx \right)$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60x^2 \sin(x) + 120 \int \underset{\downarrow}{x} \underset{\uparrow}{\sin(x)} dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60x^2 \sin(x) + 120 \left(-x \cos(x) - \int -\cos(x) dx \right)$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60x^2 \sin(x) - 120x \cos(x) - 120 \int -\cos(x) dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60x^2 \sin(x) - 120x \cos(x) + 120 \int \cos(x) dx$$

$$-x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60x^2 \sin(x) - 120x \cos(x) + 120 \sin(x) + C$$

$$= \left(5x^4 - 60x^2 + 120 \right) \sin(x) + \left(-x^5 + 20x^3 - 120x \right) \cos(x) + C$$

OR USING THE TIC-TAC-TOE METHOD

$$\int x^5 \sin(x) dx$$

x^5	$\sin(x)$	
$5x^4$	$-\cos(x)$	+
$20x^3$	$-\sin(x)$	-
$60x^2$	$\cos(x)$	+
$120x$	$\sin(x)$	-
120	$-\cos(x)$	+
0	$-\sin(x)$	-

$$= -x^5 \cos(x) + 5x^4 \sin(x) + 20x^3 \cos(x) - 60x^2 \sin(x) - 120x \cos(x) + 120 \sin(x) + C$$

$$= (5x^4 - 60x^2 + 120) \sin(x) + (-x^5 + 20x^3 - 120x) \cos(x) + C$$

* PROBLEM 3

$$\int 2x^6 \exp(x) dx$$

$2x^6$	$\exp(x)$	
$12x^5$	$\exp(x)$	+
$60x^4$	$\exp(x)$	-
$240x^3$	$\exp(x)$	+
$720x^2$	$\exp(x)$	-
$1440x$	$\exp(x)$	+
1440	$\exp(x)$	-
0	$\exp(x)$	+

$$= 2x^6 \exp(x) - 12x^5 \exp(x) + 60x^4 \exp(x) - 240x^3 \exp(x) + 720x^2 \exp(x) - 1440x \exp(x) + 1440 \exp(x) + C$$

$$= 2e^x (x^6 - 6x^5 + 30x^4 - 120x^3 + 360x^2 - 720x + 720) + C$$

* PROBLEM 4

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log(x) dx$$

$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x)}{3} - \int \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x)}{3} - \int \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3} dx$$

$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x)}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \int \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x)}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x)}{3} - \frac{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9} + C = \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} (3 \log(x) - 2)}{9} + C$$

* PROBLEM 5.

$$I = \int \sin(x) \exp(-x) dx$$

$$= -e^{-x} \sin(x) - \int -e^{-x} \cos(x) dx$$

$$= -e^{-x} \sin(x) - (e^{-x} \cos(x) - \int e^{-x} \sin(x) dx)$$

$$= -e^{-x} \sin(x) - (e^{-x} \cos(x) + \int e^{-x} \sin(x) dx)$$

$$= -e^{-x} \sin(x) - (e^{-x} \cos(x) + I)$$

$$= -e^{-x} \sin(x) - e^{-x} \cos(x) - I + C$$

SOLVING FOR $I = \frac{-e^{-x} \sin(x) - e^{-x} \cos(x)}{2} + C$

$$= \frac{e^{-x} (\sin(x) + \cos(x))}{2} + C$$