

* PROBLEM 27.1

$x_0 = 0$

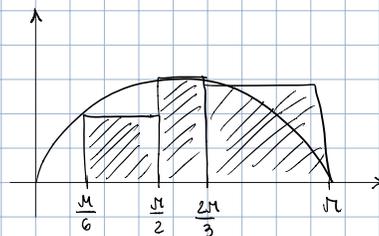
$x_1 = \pi/6$

$x_2 = \pi/2$

$x_3 = 2\pi/3$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x) \Big|_0^{\pi} = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\left(0 \cdot \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{3} + 1 \cdot \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{3} \right) = 1.95$$



* PROBLEM 27.2

$[0, 1]$

$x_1 = 0.123 \Rightarrow$ SUM OF CUBES = 2.3767 $2.3767 / 10 = 0.23767$

$x_2 = 0.756$

$x_3 = 0.532$

$x_4 = 0.378$

$x_5 = 0.644$

$x_6 = 0.917$

$x_7 = 0.43$

$x_8 = 0.289$

$x_9 = 0.824$

$x_{10} = 0.333$

$$\int_0^1 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_0^1 = 0.25$$

* PROBLEM 27.3

$$\frac{[f(a) + 4f((a+b)/2) + f(b)]}{6} (b-a)$$

$f(x) = \sin(x)$

① $[a, b] = [0, \pi/2]$

② $[a, b] = [\pi/2, \pi]$

$$\frac{[f(a) + 4f((a+b)/2) + f(b)]}{6} (b-a)$$

$$\frac{[f(a) + 4f((a+b)/2) + f(b)]}{6} (b-a)$$

$$\frac{\sin(0) + 4\sin(\pi/4) + \sin(\pi/2)}{6} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{\sin(\pi/2) + 4\sin(3\pi/4) + \sin(\pi)}{6} (b-a)$$

$$\frac{0 + 2\sqrt{2} + 1}{6} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi(2\sqrt{2} + 1)}{12}$$

$$\frac{1 + 2\sqrt{2} + 0}{6} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi(1 + 2\sqrt{2})}{12}$$

$$\frac{\pi(2\sqrt{2} + 1)}{12} + \frac{\pi(2\sqrt{2} + 1)}{12} = \frac{\pi(2\sqrt{2} + 1)}{6} = 2.004$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x) \Big|_0^{\pi} = 1 + 1 = 2$$

* PROBLEM 27.5

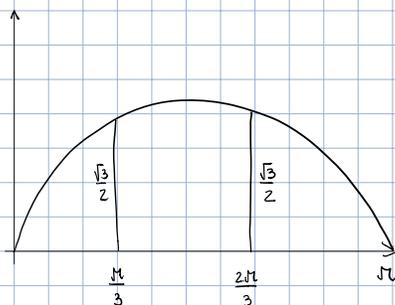
A) $\int_0^1 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) \frac{1}{x^2} dx = 0.316$

I USED WOLFRAM ALPHA

B) $\int_0^1 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) \frac{1}{x^4} dx = \text{DOES NOT CONVERGE}$

* PROBLEM 27.4

$[a, b] = [0, \pi]$ $f(x) = \sin(x)$



$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x) \Big|_0^{\pi} = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\frac{0 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 3 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 3 + 0}{8} \cdot \pi = 2.0405$$