

INTRODUCTION TO CALCULUS

MATH 1A

UNIT 19: WORKSHEET

Anti derivatives

Here are some trickier anti derivative puzzles. We still have no integration techniques and must rely on intuition and experiments to find the derivatives.

It is often a puzzle because we can try to combine derivatives of known functions to get the given function.

1: Find the anti-derivative of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{1+x}{1-x}$$

Hint. First compute the anti derivative of

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{1-x}.$$

Can you combine g and $\frac{1-x}{1-x}$ in some way to make it fit?

2: Find the anti derivative of the function

$$f(x) = \sin(x^3)3x^2 .$$

Hint. Think about the chain rule.

3: Find the anti-derivative of the function

$$f(x) = \sin(\sin(x)) \cos(x) .$$

Hint. Think about the chain rule.

4: Find the anti-derivative of the function

$$f(x) = 2x \sin(x) + x^2 \cos(x) .$$

Hint. Think about the product rule.

5: Find the anti-derivative of the function

$$f(x) = e^{e^{e^{e^{e^x}}}} \cdot e^{e^{e^{e^x}}} \cdot e^{e^{e^x}} \cdot e^{e^x} \cdot e^x \cdot e^x .$$

Hint. There is no hint.